



LZR®-H100

LASER SCANNER FOR BARRIERS & GATES

with max. detection range of 32' \times 32'

User's Guide



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READ BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION/PROGRAMMING/SET-UP

SAFETY-

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT
CLASS 2 LASER RADIATION
DURING INSTALLATION
DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM

The device emits invisible (IR) and visible laser radiation.

IR laser: wavelength 905nm; output power 0.10mW (Class 1 according to IEC 60825-1) Visible laser: wavelength 635nm; output power 0.95mW

(Class 2 according to IEC 60825-1)

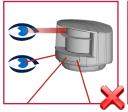
The visible laser beams are inactive during normal operation. The installer can activate the visible lasers if needed.

Do not stare into visible laser beams.



CAUTION!

Use of controls, adjustments, or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



Do not look into the laser emitter or the visible red laser beams.



The warranty is void if unauthorized repairs are made or attempted by unauthorized personnel.



Only trained and qualified personnel are recommended to install and set up the sensor.



After installation, enter an access code by remote control.

This sensor is designed to be used as a movement and presence sensor to control the opening and the closing process of a gate or a barrier. The installer of the system is responsible for installing the sensor and the system in compliance with applicable national and international standards on safety. The manufacturer of the sensor cannot be held responsible for incorrect installations or inappropriate adjustments of the sensor.

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE



Avoid extreme vibrations.



Do not cover the laser windows.



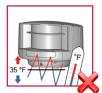
Avoid moving objects and light sources in front of the laser window.



Avoid the presence of smoke and fog in the detection field.



Avoid condensation on the laser windows.



Avoid exposure to sudden and extreme temperature changes.



Avoid direct exposure to high pressure cleaning.



Do not use aggressive products to clean the laser windows.



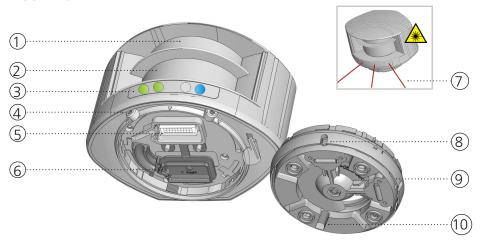
Clean the laser window with compressed air. If needed, wipe only with a soft, clean and damp microfibre cloth.



Keep the sensor permanently powered in environments where the temperature can drop below 35 °F.

READ BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION/PROGRAMMING/SET-UP

DESCRIPTION



- 1. laser window - emission
- 2. laser window - reception
- 3. LED signals (4)
- 4. screws for position lock (2)
- 5. connector

- 6. protection cover
- 7. visible laser beams (3)
- notches for tilt angle adjustment (2) 8.
- 9. adjustable bracket
- 10. cable conduits (4)

LED SIGNAL



- 1. Detection LED: R1 opening field
- 2. Detection LED: R2 safety field
- 3. Error LED
- 4 Power LFD

DETECTION LEDS detection





ERROR LED



no error (off)

POWER LED power

(blue)

no power (on)



LED flashes quickly



LED flashes



LED flashes slowly



LED is off



All 4 LEDs can be switched off and on again by remote control. This can be useful in cases where the sensor should not draw any attention.



SYMBOLS







Remote control sequence



remote control adjustments











READ BEFORE BEGINNING INSTALLATION/PROGRAMMING/SET-UP

HOW TO USE THE REMOTE CONTROL







After unlocking, the red LED flashes and the sensor can be adjusted by remote control.

If the red LED flashes quickly after unlocking, you need to enter an access code from 1 to 4 digits.

To end an adjustment session, always lock the sensor.

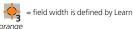
ADJUSTING ONE OR MORE PARAMETERS



CHECKING A VALUE









X = NUMBER OF FLASHES = VALUE OF THE PARAMETER

RESTORING TO FACTORY VALUES



SAVING AN ACCESS CODE

The access code is recommended for sensors installed close to each other.



DELETING AN ACCESS CODE





30 minutes after last use, the sensor locks access to the remote control session. To regain access, cycle the power. The remote control session will then be accessible for another 30 minutes.

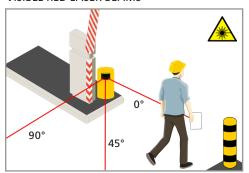


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BASIC SETUP FEATURES

It is important to understand the basic setup features before installing the sensor.

VISIBLE RED LASER BEAMS



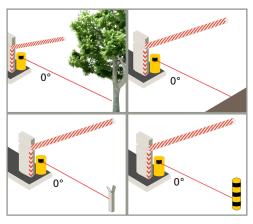
The sensor and detection field position are very important for the safe operation of the barrier.

In order to position the sensor correctly, use the 3 visible red laser beams.



The visible laser beams are also used to determine the location of the reference of the sensor.

REFERENCE



The sensor must learn a reference when the safety field is the only protection against contact between the vehicle and the boom.

The reference can be adjusted on any type of object already present on site (wall, tree, barrier boom support) or on a post.

Always make sure the object on which the reference is adjusted:

- idjusted:is positioned in the continuity of the 0° laser beam
- is positioned min. at the end of the barrier or farther away than the end of the barrier
- has a surface of at least 6 inches
- is firmly fixed to floor and not subject to vibrations

Always ensure that the maximum distance for the reference teach-in is 9.9 m. Any farther away from this will result in an unsuccessful teach-in.

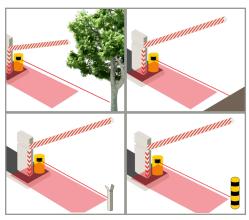


FOR BEST RESULTS:

- · use the reflective sticker
- place the sticker horizontally on a cylindrical surface of the structure (as shown)
- center the laser's red spot on the reflector

Use reflective sticker (supplied) when the distance between sensor and reference is higher than 16.5 feet.

SAFETY FIELD



If the safety field is the only protection against contact with the barrier, the safety field of the sensor must be situated directly below the barrier.

This is only possible when the sensor is positioned correctly and the reference has been learned.

If the reference is situated at the end of the barrier, the detection field width is the same as the reference distance.

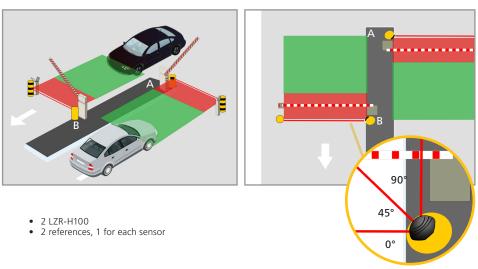
If the reference is farther away, adjust the detection field width to the width of the barrier.

In order to maximize safety for mixed traffic (vehicles and trucks), an additional vertical detection zone is recommended (LZR-I30).

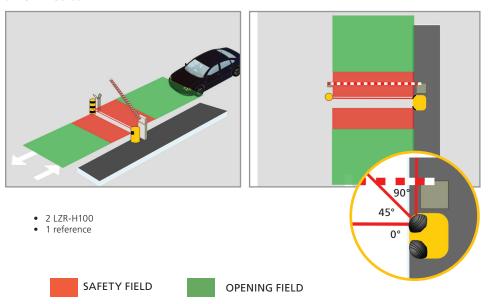
APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

These requirements ensure optimal safety of the barrier in order to protect against contact with the barrier.

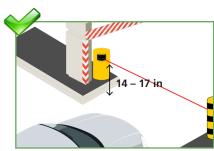
DOUBLE ACCESS LANE



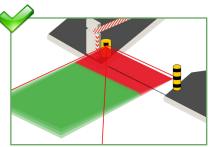
SINGLE ACCESS LANE



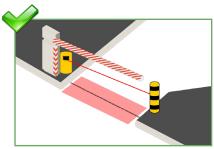
RECOMMENDED MOUNTING



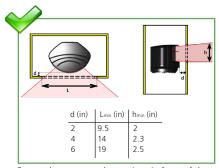
Install the sensor at a mounting height between 14 – 17 inches. If the barrier is only used by trucks, the mouting height may be increased.



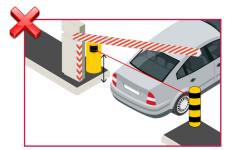
Ensure that the detection field is parallel to the barrier.



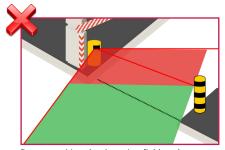
When using the safety field, place the sensor just behind the barrier to ensure that the safety field protects the area around the barrier.



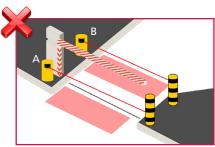
Ensure there are no obstructions in front of the sensor!



If the 0° reference beam is too low or too high, vehicle contact with the barrier may occur.



Do not position the detection field as shown.



When using the safety, do not place the sensor before the barrier (A) or more than 15 inches after the barrier (B). The area around the barrier is not safe.



Do not cover the front face of the sensor with glass or plastic.

1 MOUNTING

 \triangle

Carefully read the application requirements and tips before mounting the sensor. Mounting position of the sensor is crucial for safe operation of the barrier.



Use a mounting post or a mounting accessory (e.g. LBA accessory) to secure the sensor to the pole.



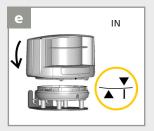
Position the bracket and secure using the 4 screws to avoid vibrations.



Open the protection cover, plug the connector and position the cable in the raceway.



Firmly close the protection cover. Do not pinch the cable.



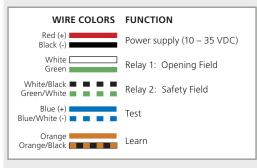
Position the housing on the bracket.

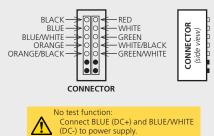


Turn the sensor until the two triangles are aligned.

2 WIRING

Use the visual aid below to ensure correct wiring to the door control.











(no polarity)

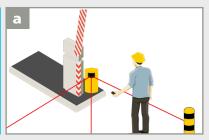


FIELD POSITIONING

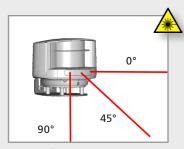


The detection field and reference position are very important for safe operation of the barrier.



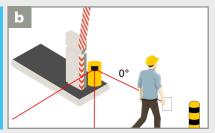


Activate the visible laser beams by remote control to position the sensor fields correctly.



To turn off the beams, use the same sequence. After 15 minutes, the beams turn off automatically.

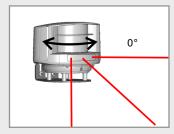




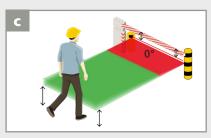
Use a sheet of white paper to verify that the laser beam is positioned at 0°.

The reference point can be adjusted on any object at the end of the barrier or farther away. Its surface should be at least 6 inches wide and it must be secured.

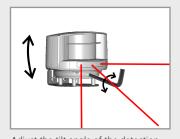
Use the reflective sticker when the distance between sensor and reference is more than 16 feet (see page 5).



Turn the sensor slightly on its axis to adjust the lateral angle of the sensor to place the 0° laser spot on the reference.



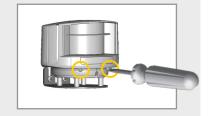
- The reference must be parallel to the barrier.
- The beginning of the opening field should be approximately 15 inches above the ground.



Adjust the tilt angle of the detection field with the hex key if necessary.



To finish, lock the sensor position using a screwdriver.



4

MOUNTING SIDE & REFERENCE

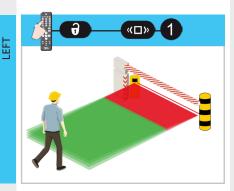
Select the correct mounting side with or without reference.

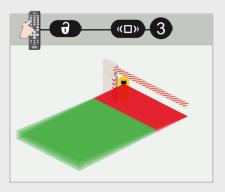


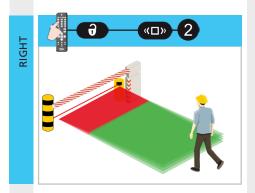
For best detection performance, use the sensor with the reference point.

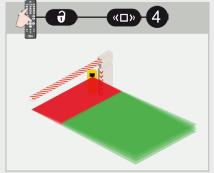
WITH REFERENCE (RECOMMENDED)

WITHOUT REFERENCE









By default, the sensor automatically adjusts the width of the safety field based on the reference.

NOTE: Once determined, the reference point should not be altered. Any change to the reference point will cause the sensor's reference to go into detection.

5 SAFETY FIELD

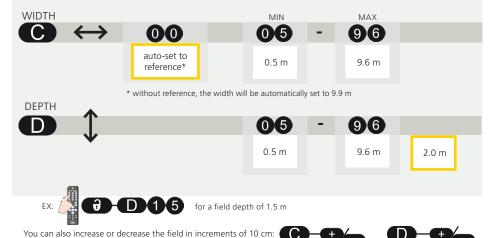
FIELD DIMENSIONS

Before launching a learn, the field dimensions can be adjusted by remote control.

Dimensions must be entered using the metric system - convert if necessary.

Value C must be adapted to the width of the barrier:

- · when the reference point is farther away than the desired detection field width
- when a mounting side without reference has been selected

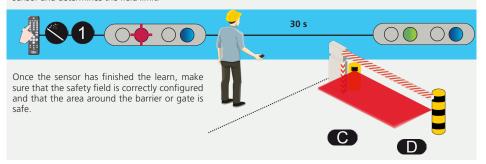


LEARN

Launch a learn by remote control. You have 3 seconds to step out of the detection field. Then wait for the sensor to learn its environment (30 seconds).

During the learn, the detection field must be free of snow buildups, heavy rain, snowfall, fog or other moving objects.

If you walk along the detection area while the learn function is active, the sensor memorizes the outline of the walk path and stores this as a new detection field. The shortest distance measured by each laser beam is stored by the sensor and determines the field limit.





Always launch a new learn after adjusting the field dimensions.

If the safety field is the only protection against contact with the boom, the safety field of the sensor must be situated right under the barrier. This is only possible when the sensor is positioned correctly and the reference has been learned.

The safety field is necessary for the correct functioning of the installation. If the safety field is badly adjusted, the manufacturer of the sensor cannot be held responsible for inappropriate functioning of the installation. Always verify the correct functioning of the safety field before leaving the premisses.

6 OPENING FIELD

FIELD DIMENSIONS

Before launching a learn, the field dimensions can be adjusted by remote control. **Dimensions must be entered using the metric system - convert if necessary.**



* Setting the Opening Field to 00 will eliminate its output and LED function.



for a field depth of 5 m

You can also increase or decrease the field in increments of 10 cm:



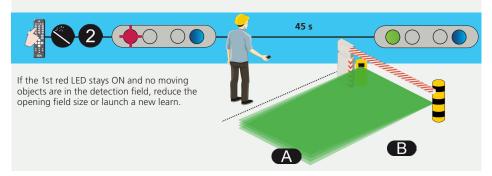
LEARN

Launch a learn by remote control. You have 3 seconds to step out of the detection field.

Then wait for the sensor to learn its environment (45 seconds).

During the learn, the detection field must be free of snow buildups, heavy rain, snowfall, fog or other moving objects.

If you walk along the detection area while the learn function is active, the sensor memorizes the outline of the walk path and stores this as a new detection field. The shortest distance measured by each laser beam is stored by the sensor and determines the field limit.





Always launch a new learn after adjusting the field dimensions.

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REMOTE CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS (OPTIONAL)

PEDESTRIAN FILTER

opening field

Select value 3 or higher to reject pedestrians. All objects wider than the selected size will be detected



approximate values

MAX. PRESENCE TIME

opening field

STANDSTILL IN OPENING FIELD:

Select the amount of time R1 should stay active after an object becomes still in the opening field



DETECTION DELAY

opening field

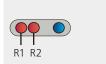
ENVIRONMENT FILTER:

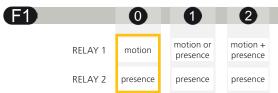
Increase value in case of heavy rain, snow, or moving objects in the environment.



approximate values

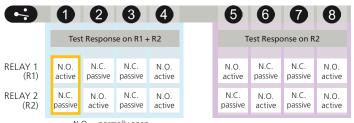
OUTPUT FUNCTION





OUTPUT CONFIGURATION





N.O. = normally open N.C. = normally closed

ACTIVE DETECTION CURTAINS





Example 1: all curtains are active on both fields (recommended)

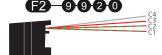


2 curtain is active on safety field

9 curta<mark>in is</mark> acti<mark>ve on both fi</mark>elds

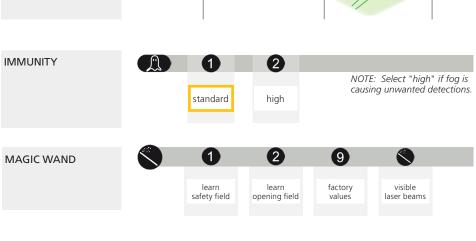
Always use the maximum number of active curtains according to your environment and the objects to be excluded from the detection field

Example 2: C1 + C2 curtains are active on both fields and C3 only active for safety fields



REMOTE CONTROL ADJUSTMENTS (OPTIONAL)

DETECTION TRAJECTORY BIDIRECTIONAL bidirectional detection opening field approaching + departing unidirectional detection UNI 400% only approaching in any direction UNI 200% unidirectional detection only approaching towards the barrier/gate UNI 100% unidirectional detection only approaching within width of barrier/gate **UNI 50%** unidirectional detection only approaching towards central zone of barrier/gate UNI CENTER unidirectional detection only approaching towards center of barrier/gate UNI RIGHT unidirectional detection only approaching towards right side of barrier/gate UNI LEFT unidirectional detection only approaching towards left side of barrier/gate



TROUBLESHOOTING			
	No blue LED	No power	Check cable and connection.
		Polarity of power supply is inverted	Check the polarity of the power supply.
		All LEDs have been deactivated by remote control	Activate LEDs using remote control.
	Only blue LED is on	Test input is not connected	Check wiring. The blue and blue/white cable must be connected to the test input or the power supply.
	Detection LED remains green	Detection field too small or deactivated	Check size of fields.
			Launch a Learn.
		Object size is too small	Decrease minimum onject size.
	Detection LED remains red	Someone/Something is in the detection field	Step out of the field and/or remove the any object(s) from the field.
		Field is touching floor/wall/door – this leads to detection	Activate the 3 red beams and check if the position of the sensor is correct. If not, adjust the hex screws.
			Verify the field size.
			Launch a Learn.
	Orange LED flashing and detection LEDs are red	No background (reference point) is found	Check position of sensor.
			Check the mounting side setting. If no reference point is found, set the mounting side to value 3 to 5.
			Launch a new Learn.
		Sensor is masked	Verify and clean the front screens with a damp cloth.
0	Orange LED is on Both detection LEDs are orange	Power supply voltage exceeds acceptable limits	Check power supply voltage.
		Sensor exceeds temperature limits	Verify the temperature of the environment. Protect the sensor from sunlight using a cover, if necessary.
		Internal error	Wait a few seconds. If the LED remains ON, reset the power supply. If the LED turns on again, replace the sensor.
	Sensor does not respond to the remote control	30 minutes after last use, sensor locks access to RC	Cut and restore power supply. RC is accessible again for 30 minutes.
		Remote control batteries not installed properly or are dead	Check battery orientation or replace the batteries.
		Remote control not pointed correctly	Point the remote control towards the sensor, but with a slight angle. The RC should not be pointed in a right angle in front of the sensor.
		Reflective object is close to the sensor	Avoid highly reflective material in proximity to the sensor.
*	Sensor does not unlock	Access code needs entered or an incorrect code was used	Cut and restore power supply. No code is required to unlock during the first minute after powering.



Can't find your answer?

Visit www.beainc.com or scan QR code for Frequently Asked Questions!

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

laser scanner, time-of-flight measurement (4 laser curtains) Technology:

32' x 32' (9 3/4 m)

Detection mode motion and presence

Min. detection field (safety): 1' 8" (1/5 m)

Remission factor: > 2%

Angular resolution: 0.3516°

Emission characteristics

Max. detection field:

wavelength 905 nm; output power 0.10mW (CLASS 1) Red visible laser: wavelength 635 nm; output power 0.95mW (CLASS 2)

1.8 A (max. 80 ms @ 35 V)

Supply voltage: 10 - 35 VDC

Cable length: 331

Response time:

Color:

Power consumption: Peak current @ power-on:

> motion detection: typ. 200 ms (adjustable) typ. 20 ms (max. 80 ms) presence detection:

Output: 2 electronic relays (galvanic-isolated - polarity-free)

< 5 W

35 VDC / 24 VAC Max. switching voltage: Max. switching current: 80 mA (resistive) Switching time: ton = 5 ms; toff = 5 ms Output resistance: typ 30 Ω < 0.7 V @ 20 mA Voltage drop on output:

Leakage current: < 10 µA

2 optocouplers (galvanic-isolated - polarity-free) Test input: Max. contact voltage: 30 VDC (over-voltage protected) Voltage threshold: Log. H: > 8 VDC Log. L: < 3 VDC

Black

LED signal: 1 blue LED: power-on status

1 orange LED: error status

2 bi-colored LEDs: detection/output status (green = no detection, red = detection)

Dimensions: $3 \frac{5}{8}$ " × $2 \frac{3}{4}$ " × 5" (W × H × D) mounting bracket: + $\frac{1}{2}$ "

Material: PC/ASA

-45°, 0°, 45° Mounting angles on bracket:

-5 - 5° (lockable) Rotation angles on bracket:

Tilt angles on bracket:

NEMA 4 / IP65 Protection degree:

powered: -22 - 140 °F (-30 - 60 °C) unpowered: 14 - 140 °F (-10 - 60 °C) Temperature range:

Humidity: 0 - 95% non-condensing

Vibrations: < 2G

Pollution on front screen: max. 30%, homogenous

2006/95/EC: LVD 2004/108/EC: EMC IEC 60825-1:2007 Norm conformity:

IEC 61000-6-2:2005 IEC 61000-6-3:2006 2002/95/EC: RoHS IEC 60529:2001 IEC 60950-1:2005

EXPECTATIVAS DE CUMPLIMIENTO DE BEA, INC. CON RESPECTO AL SERVICIO Y LA INSTALACIÓN

BEA, Inc., el fabricante del sensor, no se responsabilizará por las instalaciones o los ajustes incorrectos del sensor o dispositivo. Por consiguiente BEA, Inc. no garantiza ningún uso del sensor o dispositivo con fines distintos de los previstos.

BEA, Inc. recomienda firmemente que los técnicos de instalación y servicio cuenten con la certificación de la Asociación Estadounidense de Fabricantes de Puertas Automáticas (AAADM) para puertas peatonales, tengan la certificación de la Asociación Internacional de Puertas (IDA) para puertas o compuertas, y que, además, reciban la capacitación adecuada en fábrica para cada tipo de sistema de puerta o portones

Los instaladores y el personal de servicio son responsables de llevar a cabo una evaluación de riesgo después de cada instalación o servicio, y de verificar que el rendimiento del sistema de sensores y dispositivos cumpla con las regulaciones, los códigos y las normas locales, nacionales e internacionales.

Una vez finalizado el trabajo de instalación o de servicio, se realizará una inspección de seguridad de la puerta o compuerta según las recondiciones de la fabricante y las pautas de la AAADM, el Instituto Nacional Estadouniderse de Estándares (ANSI) o la Asociación de Fabricantes de Puertas y Sistemas de Acceso (DASMA) (cuando corresponda) con el fin de aplicar las mejores prácticas de la industria. Las inspecciones de seguridad se deben realizar durante cada visita de servicio. Se pueden encontrar ejemplos de estas inspecciones en una etiqueta de información de seguridad de la AAADM (p. ej.: ANSVDASMA 102, ANSVDASMA 107, UL294, UL325, y el Código Internacional de Seguridad). ñalización y de advertencia, y los rótulos industriales se encuentren en su lugar











Specifications are subject to change without prior notice. All values measured in specific conditions.

